

EAST Search History

| Ref # | Hits | Search Query | DBs | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp |
|-------|------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| S1 | 2 | ("3891616").PN. | USPAT; DERWENT | OR | OFF | 2006/12/18 12:50 |
| S2 | 4 | ((("6855715") or ("6946475")).PN. | USPAT; DERWENT | OR | OFF | 2006/12/15 15:26 |
| S3 | 770 | ((564/182) or (548/574)).CCLS. | USPAT; DERWENT | OR | OFF | 2006/12/18 12:50 |

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTASXY1626

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * *
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'HCAPLUS' AT 17:17:42 ON 15 DEC 2006
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:17:42 ON 15 DEC 2006
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 2.53 | 73.97 |

=> file reg

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 2.53 | 73.97 |

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:17:54 ON 15 DEC 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> s electrode

L13 11 ELECTRODE

=> s amino acid deriv?

6522749 AMINO

7992908 ACID

757595 DERIV?

L14 26 AMINO ACID DERIV?

(AMINO (W) ACID (W) DERIV?)

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

=> s l13 and l14

L15 0 L13 AND L14

=> s produc?

L16 13971 PRODUC?

=> s amino acid deriv?

6522749 AMINO

7992908 ACID

757595 DERIV?

L17 26 AMINO ACID DERIV?

(AMINO (W) ACID (W) DERIV?)

=> s l16 and l17

L18 0 L16 AND L17

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

38.96

112.93

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:19:22 ON 15 DEC 2006

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Dec 2006 VOL 145 ISS 26

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Dec 2006 (20061214/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l14

L19 10. L14

=> d ed abs ibib hitstr 1-10

```

IT 514230-24-1P 514230-25-2P 514230-26-3P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; WT1 proteins, polynucleotides and antibodies for
cancer diagnosis and therapy)
RN 514230-24-1 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 428-amino
acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME).
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 514230-25-2 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 414-amino
acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 514230-26-3 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 417-amino
acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

```

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 24 Jan 2003
AB Derivs. of haptoglobin that are therapeutically useful as anti-oxidants
in
the treatment of oxidative stress are described. Genes encoding these
derivs. are also described. Methods of screening haptoglobin derivs for
their antioxidant function by their ability to inhibit Hb-dependent
oxidation
of a substrate including linolenic acid and LDL. A series of haptoglobin
derivs. were prepared as fusion products with glutathione-S-transferase
by
standard methods. These were screened for their ability to bind Hb and
to
inhibit oxidation of linolenic acid and LDL.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:58257 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:126930
TITLE: Haptoglobin-derived antioxidants for use in
pharmaceuticals for treatment of oxidative stress and
the genes encoding them
INVENTOR(S): Levy, Andrew P.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rappaport Family Institute for Research in the
Medical
Sciences, Israel
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2003006668 | A2 | 20030123 | WO 2002-IL530 | 20020627 |
| WO 2003006668 | A3 | 20031030 | | |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RM: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| US 2003113830 | A1 | 20030619 | US 2001-903463 | 20010711 |
| AU 2002345333 | A1 | 20030129 | AU 2002-345333 | 20020627 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-903463 | A 20010711 |
| | | | WO 2002-IL530 | W 20020627 |

IT 488769-09-1 488769-10-4
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; haptoglobin-derived antioxidants for use in pharmaceuticals for treatment of oxidative stress and genes encoding them)

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 12 Apr 2002
AB Comps. and methods for the therapy of malignant diseases, such as leukemia and cancer, are disclosed. The comps. comprise one or more of
a
WT1 polynucleotide, a WT1 polypeptide, an antigen-presenting cell presenting a WT1 polypeptide, an antibody that specifically binds to a
WT1
polypeptide; or a T cell that specifically reacts with a WT1 polypeptide.
Such comps. may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment
of
metastatic diseases.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:275811 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:308523
TITLE: Compositions and methods for WT1 specific immunotherapy
INVENTOR(S): Gaiger, Alexander; McNeill, Patricia D.; Smithgall, Molly; Moulton, Gus; Vedvick, Thomas S.; Sleath, Paul R.; Moseman, Sally; Evans, Lawrence; Spies, A. Gregory; Boydston, Jeremy
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 260 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 12
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002028414 | A1 | 20020411 | WO 2001-US31139 | 20011003 |
| WO 2002028414 | B1 | 20020718 | | |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW | | | |
| RM: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| US 7115272 | B1 | 20061003 | US 2000-684361 | 20001006 |
| US 2003082196 | A1 | 20030501 | US 2001-785019 | 20010215 |
| US 7144581 | B2 | 20061205 | | |
| US 2003072767 | A1 | 20030417 | US 2001-938864 | 20010824 |
| CA 2425072 | AA | 20020411 | CA 2001-2425072 | 20011003 |
| AU 2001096608 | A5 | 20020415 | AU 2001-96608 | 20011003 |
| EP 1328287 | A1 | 20030723 | EP 2001-977493 | 20011003 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | |
| JP 2004510425 | T2 | 20040408 | JP 2002-532238 | 20011003 |
| AU 2003257511 | A1 | 20031120 | AU 2003-257511 | 20031023 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-684361 | A 20001006 |
| | | | US 2000-685830 | A 20001009 |
| | | | US 2001-785019 | A 20010215 |
| | | | US 2001-938864 | A 20010824 |

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 488769-09-1 HCAPLUS
CN Haptoglobin (human 129-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 488769-10-4 HCAPLUS
CN Haptoglobin (human 70-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
US 1998-164223 A2 19980930
US 1999-276484 A2 19990325
AU 1999-64078 A3 19990930
WO 2001-US31139 W 20011003
IT 410109-27-2P 410109-28-3P 410109-29-4P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; WT1 polypeptides, polynucleotides and antibodies for diagnosis and treatment of leukemias and cancers)
RN 410109-27-2 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 428-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 410109-28-3 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 414-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 410109-29-4 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 417-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 25 Nov 1999
AB An inhibitor of the HCV NS3 protease is disclosed. The inhibitor is a subsequence of a substrate of the NS3 protease or a subsequence of the NS4A cofactor. Another inhibitor of the present invention contains a subsequence of a substrate linked to a subsequence of the NS4A cofactor. In another embodiment the inhibitor is a bivalent inhibitor comprised of a subsequence, a mutated subsequence or a mutated full-length of a substrate of the NS3 protease linked to a subsequence, a mutated subsequence or a mutated full-length sequence of the HCV NS4A cofactor.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:748338 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:428
TITLE: Synthetic inhibitors of hepatitis C virus NS3 protease
INVENTOR(S): Zhang, Rumin; Mui, Philip W.; Weber, Patricia C.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corporation, USA
SOURCE: U.S., 27 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 5990276 A 19991123 US 1997-853623 19970509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-17470P P 19960510
IT 185352-64-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(unclaimed nucleotide sequence; synthetic inhibitors of hepatitis C virus NS3 protease)
RN 185352-64-1 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic hepatitis C virus polyprotein-processing proteinase NS3 255-amino acid deriv. gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
CA 2303483 AA 19990701 CA 1998-2303483 19981215
AU 9919180 A1 19990712 AU 1999-19180 19981215
AU 765741 B2 20030925
BR 9813757 A 20001003 BR 1998-13757 19981215
EP 1044217 A2 20001018 EP 1998-963962 19981215
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
JP 2001526063 T2 20011218 JP 2000-525451 19981215
NZ 503417 A 20021220 NZ 1998-503417 19981215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-68179P P 19971219
US 1998-99840P P 19980911
WO 1998-US26705 W 19981215
IT 228853-49-4
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(nucleotide sequence; sensitive to apoptosis gene (SAG) and applications for diagnosing and treating neurodegenerative disorders and cancers)
RN 228853-49-4 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (human HeLa cell gene SAG zinc ring finger-containing DNA-binding protein 90-amino acid derivative-specifying plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 09 Jul 1999
AB The invention provides novel genes and polypeptides derived therefrom encoding a redox-sensitive protein that promotes cell growth, protects cells from apoptosis, scavenges oxygen radicals and can be used for the reversion of a tumor phenotype. To identify gene(s) responsible for 1,10-phenanthroline (OP)-induced apoptosis in two murine tumor lines a differential display technique was used and cDNA for an OP-inducible gene SAG was cloned into TA cloning vectors. SAG encodes a novel, redox-sensitive heme-binding protein with a zinc ring finger domain. The SAG protein consists of 113 amino acids with a calculated mol. weight of 12.7 kDa. Sequence homol. searches reveal that SAG is highly conserved among species, suggesting its functional importance. This suggestion is demonstrated by the finding that SAG disruption in yeast is lethal. Two SAG deletion mutants have been detected in human cancer cell lines originating from colon and testis, suggesting its possible role in human carcinogenesis. Overexpression of SAG protein in a human colon carcinoma line, DLD1, and a human neuroblastoma line, SY5Y, protects cells from apoptosis induced by OP, zinc and copper ions. Furthermore, antisense SAG transfection inhibits certain tumor cell phenotypes in DLD1 human cell line and microinjection of SAG RNA stimulates cell growth. We propose that SAG protein is a cellular protective mol. functioning as a redox sensor to buffer oxidative-stress induced damage as well as a growth factor to stimulate cell growth. SAG protein will be an ideal mol. target in the development of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders, cancers, muscle dystrophy, and promoting wound healing.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:425792 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:69276
TITLE: Sensitive to apoptosis gene (SAG) and its applications
for diagnosing and treating neurodegenerative disorders and cancers
INVENTOR(S): Sun, Yi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Warner-Lambert Company, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
WO 9932514 A2 19990701 WO 1998-US26705 19981215
WO 9932514 A3 19990910
W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
ZA 9811600 A 19990623 ZA 1998-11600 19980917

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 07 Jul 1999
AB Described is a method for the production of human type I collagen-like proteins by expression of a cassette containing 1-30 (preferably, 5-8) tandemly repeats of the collagen-encoding DNA sequence in *Bacillus brevis*, followed by recovering the collagen products secreted into the medium by the *B. brevis*. Preparation of neutral or hydrophilic artificial collagen (gelatin) from the culture of transgenic *B. brevis* was demonstrated.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:417709 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:98461
TITLE: Recombinant preparation of human collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*
INVENTOR(S): Kashino, Tautomu; Takahashi, Haruo; Yamada, Yukio; Hirai, Masana; Takagi, Hiroaki; Ebisu, Shogo; Watanabe, Fumiko
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyota Central Research and Development Laboratories, Inc., Japan; Higeta Shoyu Co., Ltd.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
JP 11178574 A2 19990706 JP 1997-353216 19971222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1997-353216 19971222
IT 230624-07-4P 230624-08-5P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(amino acid sequence; recombinant preparation of collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*)
RN 230624-07-4 HCAPLUS
CN Collagen (human type I 231-amino-acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 230624-08-5 HCAPLUS
CN Collagen (human type I 168-amino-acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT 230624-09-6P 230624-10-9P
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
(nucleotide sequence; recombinant preparation of collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*)
RN 230624-09-6 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic human type I collagen 231-amino-acid derivative-specifying) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 230624-10-9 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic human type I collagen 168-amino-acid derivative-specifying)

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 04 Mar 1998

AB We described genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence, GlyLeuGlyGlyGlnGlyGlyGlyAlaGlyGlnGlyGlyTyrGly, designated SCAP(1), in spidroin I of spider dragline silk from Nephila clavipes and the secondary conformational analyses in the solid state by Fourier transform IR measurements. The polypeptides composed of 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, or 13 repeats of SCAP(1) were expressed in *Escherichia coli*, purified by nickel chelate affinity chromatography, and then cleaved with cyanogen bromide to release N- and C-terminal extensions. Typical yields were from 1.2 to 5.2 mg of lyophilized uncleaved polypeptides per L of fermentation medium at an absorbance of 2.0 at 600 nm, and the production levels increased with decreasing the mol. weight of the expressed polypeptides. The lyophilized powder of cleaved SCAP(13) adopted the random coil, whereas the cast film from formic acid formed the β -sheet structure. The conformational results might indicate that the glycine-rich sequence formed β -sheet structure in spidroin I. Cleaved SCAP(13) started to decompose under nitrogen at ca. 230°C, which was in agreement with the decomposition temperature of the spider dragline silk from *N. clavipes*.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:129222 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:266743
TITLE: Genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk
AUTHOR(S): Fukushima, Yasumasa
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Center, Unitika Ltd., Kyoto, 611, Japan
SOURCE: Biopolymers (1998), 45(4), 269-279
CODEN: BIPMAA; ISSN: 0006-3525
PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 200445-99-4P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk)
RN 200445-99-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 105-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 24 Nov 1997

AB Polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk were synthesized in *E. coli*. The polypeptide in the solid state formed a β -sheet structure which exists in crystalline region of spider silk.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:739097 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:72114
TITLE: Secondary structural studies of biosynthetic polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk
AUTHOR(S): Fukushima, Yasumasa; Nakajima, Hiroshi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Center, Unitika Ltd., Kyoto, 611, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1997), (11), 1087-1088
CODEN: CMLTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 200445-99-4P 200446-00-0P 200446-01-1P
200446-02-2P 200446-03-3P 200446-04-4P
200446-05-5P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(amino acid sequence; secondary structure of biosynthetic polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence similar to spider dragline silk protein spidroin)
RN 200445-99-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 105-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-00-0 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 120-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-01-1 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 135-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-02-2 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 150-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-03-3 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 210-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 225-amino acid derivative) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-05-5 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 240-amino acid derivative) (9CI)

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
(CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 27 Jan 1997
AB Soluble HCV NS3 protease, including the NS3 protease fused to a
solubilizing
motif; a fusion of the NS3 and NS4 regions under conditions where they
are
not cleaved by the NS3 protease; bacterially expressed soluble HCV NS3
protease; and host cells wherein at least 1% of the cell's total protein
is soluble hepatitis C virus (HCV) NS3 protease are claimed. Expts.
demonstrated that E. coli-expressed NS3 protease variants catalyzed
cleavage of HCV polyproteins and synthetic peptide substrates. The
processing activity of NS3 was enhanced by NS4A and its derivs. The
activity of the fusion protein containing the NS3 catalytic domain and
NS4A
was much superior to that of the NS3 catalytic domain alone. A surface
plasmon resonance assay for NS3 protease was developed and described.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:56164 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:71201
TITLE: Recombinant, soluble, active hepatitis C virus NS3
protease
INVENTOR(S): Dasgupta, Bimalendu; Murray, Michael G.;
Ramanathan, Lata; Butkiewicz, Nancy J.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 9636702 | A2 | 19961121 | WO 1996-US6387 | 19960509 |
| WO 9636702 | A3 | 19970116 | | |
| W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU | | | | |
| RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 5843752 | A | 19981201 | US 1995-440409 | 19950512 |
| CA 2220575 | AA | 19961121 | CA 1996-2220575 | 19960509 |
| CA 2220575 | C | 20011225 | | |
| AU 9657291 | A1 | 19961129 | AU 1996-57291 | 19960509 |
| EP 826038 | A2 | 19980304 | EP 1996-915539 | 19960509 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, LT, LV, FI | | | | |
| JP 10507933 | T2 | 19980804 | JP 1996-534876 | 19960509 |
| JP 3091231 | B2 | 20000925 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1995-440409 | A 19950512 |
| | | | WO 1996-US6387 | W 19960509 |

IT 185352-54-9
RL: PRP (Properties)

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
(amino acid sequence; recombinant, sol., active hepatitis C virus NS3
protease)
RN 185352-54-9 HCAPLUS
CN Proteinase, polyprotein-processing, NS3 (synthetic hepatitis C virus
270-amino acid deriv.) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT 185352-61-8 185352-62-9 185352-63-0
185352-64-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(nucleotide sequence; recombinant, soluble, active hepatitis C virus
NS3
protease)
RN 185352-61-8 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic hepatitis C virus polyprotein-processing proteinase NS3
270-amino acid deriv. gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 185352-62-9 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic hepatitis C virus polyprotein-processing proteinase NS3
237-amino acid deriv. gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 185352-63-0 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic hepatitis C virus polyprotein-processing proteinase NS3
250-amino acid deriv. gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 185352-64-1 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic hepatitis C virus polyprotein-processing proteinase NS3
255-amino acid deriv. gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

38.29

151.22

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

-7.50

-7.50

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:21:08 ON 15 DEC 2006

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> s amino acid derivatives

6522749 AMINO

7992908 ACID

170 DERIVATIVES

L20 0 AMINO ACID DERIVATIVES

(AMINO (W) ACID (W) DERIVATIVES)

=> s amino acid derivative

6522749 AMINO

7992908 ACID

3225 DERIVATIVE

L21 21 AMINO ACID DERIVATIVE

(AMINO (W) ACID (W) DERIVATIVE)

=> file hcaplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

29.00

180.22

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

0.00

-7.50

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:21:48 ON 15 DEC 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Dec 2006 VOL 145 ISS 26
FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Dec 2006 (20061214/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l21

L22 8 L21

=> d ed abs ibib hitstr 1-8

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2005
AB A Tat-based tolerogen composition comprising at least one immunogenic antigen
couplet to at least one human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
trans-activator
of transcription (Tat) mol. wherein the immunogenic antigen can be a foreign or endogenous antigen or fragments thereof. Addnl. methods of suppressing organ transplant rejection and methods of treating autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis are provided.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1042276 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:345319
TITLE: Tolerogen comprising HIV-1 Tat protein or epitope and foreign or endogenous antigen for suppressing organ transplant rejection, inflammation and autoimmune disease
INVENTOR(S): Cohen, David I.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Init. Inc., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|--|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2005090392 | A1 | 20050929 | WO 2005-US8634 | 20050316 |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | |
| RW: | BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2004-553733P | P 20040316 |
| | | | US 2005-649021P | P 20050131 |

IT 865508-69-GDP, chimeric deriva.
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; tolerogen comprising HIV-1 Tat protein or epitope and foreign or endogenous antigen for suppressing organ transplant rejection, inflammation and autoimmune disease)
RN 865508-69-6 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor tat (synthetic human immunodeficiency virus 1 98-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L22 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 18 Apr 2003
AB Comps. and methods for immunotherapy of malignant diseases, such as leukemia and cancer, are disclosed. The comps. comprise one or more of a
WT1 polynucleotide, a WT1 polypeptide, an antigen-presenting cell presenting a WT1 polypeptide, an antibody that specifically binds to a polypeptide; or a T cell that specifically reacts with a WT1 polypeptide. Such comps. may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of metastatic diseases.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:300439 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:319680
TITLE: WT1 proteins, polynucleotides and antibodies for cancer diagnosis and therapy
INVENTOR(S): Gaiger, Alexander; McNeill, Patricia D.; Smithgall, Molly; Moulton, Gus; Vedvick, Thomas S.; Sleath, Paul R.; Mossman, Sally; Evans, Lawrence; Spies, A. Gregory; Boydston, Jeremy
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 197 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 785019.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 12
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| US 2003072767 | A1 | 20030417 | US 2001-938864 | 20010824 |
| US 7063854 | B1 | 20060520 | US 1998-164223 | 19980930 |
| US 7115272 | B1 | 20061003 | US 2000-684361 | 2001006 |
| US 2003082196 | A1 | 20030501 | US 2001-785019 | 20010215 |
| US 7144581 | B2 | 20061205 | | |
| ZA 2001002606 | A | 20020930 | ZA 2001-2606 | 20010329 |
| CA 2425072 | AA | 20020411 | CA 2001-2425072 | 20011003 |
| WO 2002028414 | A1 | 20020411 | WO 2001-US31139 | 20011003 |
| WO 2002028414 | B1 | 20020718 | | |
| W: | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| AU 2001096608 | A5 | 20020415 | AU 2001-96608 | 20011003 |
| EP 1328287 | A1 | 20030723 | EP 2001-977493 | 20011003 |
| R: | AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | |
| JP 2004510425 | T2 | 20040408 | JP 2002-532238 | 20011003 |
| CN 1505526 | A | 20040616 | CN 2001-819114 | 20011003 |
| US 2003095971 | A1 | 20030522 | US 2001-2603 | 20011030 |
| US 2003039635 | A1 | 20030227 | US 2002-125635 | 20020416 |
| US 2003198622 | A1 | 20031023 | US 2002-195835 | 20020712 |
| US 2003235557 | A1 | 20031225 | US 2002-244830 | 20020916 |
| US 2003215458 | A1 | 20031120 | US 2002-286333 | 20021030 |

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L22 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
US 2004018204 A1 20040129 US 2003-427717 20030430
US 2004126362 A1 20040701 US 2003-648780 20030826
AU 2003257511 A1 20031120 AU 2003-257511 20031023
US 2006121046 A1 20060608 US 2006-340431 20060125
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-164223 A2 19980930
US 1999-276484 A2 19990325
US 2000-684361 A2 20001006
US 2000-685830 A2 20001009
US 2001-785019 A2 20010215
AU 1999-64078 A3 19990930
US 2001-938864 A 20010824
WO 2001-US31139 W 20011003
US 2001-2603 A2 20011030
US 2002-125635 A2 20020416
US 2002-195835 A2 20020712
US 2002-244830 A2 20020916
US 2002-286333 A2 20021030

IT 514230-24-1P 514230-25-2P 514230-26-3P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; WT1 proteins, polynucleotides and antibodies for cancer diagnosis and therapy)
RN 514230-24-1 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 428-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 514230-25-2 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 414-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 514230-26-3 HCAPLUS
CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (human 417-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L22 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ED Entered STN: 24 Jan 2003
 AB Derivs. of haptoglobin that are therapeutically useful as anti-oxidants in the treatment of oxidative stress are described. Genes encoding these derive. are also described. Methods of screening haptoglobin derive for their antioxidant function by their ability to inhibit Hb-dependent oxidation of a substrate including linolenic acid and LDL. A series of haptoglobin derive. were prepared as fusion products with glutathione-S-transferase by standard methods. These were screened for their ability to bind Hb and to inhibit oxidation of linolenic acid and LDL.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:58257 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:126930
 TITLE: Haptoglobin-derived antioxidants for use in pharmaceuticals for treatment of oxidative stress and the genes encoding them
 INVENTOR(S): Levy, Andrew P.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rappaport Family Institute for Research in the Medical Sciences, Israel
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2003006668 | A2 | 20030123 | WO 2002-1L530 | 20020627 |
| WO 2003006668 | A3 | 20031030 | | |
| W: AS, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 200313830 | A1 | 20030619 | US 2001-903463 | 20010711 |
| AU 2002345333 | A1 | 20030129 | AU 2002-345333 | 20020627 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-903463 | A 20010711 |
| | | | WO 2002-1L530 | W 20020627 |

IT 488769-09-1 488769-10-4
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; haptoglobin-derived antioxidants for use in pharmaceuticals for treatment of oxidative stress and genes encoding them)

L22 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ED Entered STN: 12 Apr 2002
 AB Comps. and methods for the therapy of malignant diseases, such as leukemia and cancer, are disclosed. The comps. comprise one or more of a WT1 polynucleotide, a WT1 polypeptide, an antigen-presenting cell presenting a WT1 polypeptide, an antibody that specifically binds to a WT1 polypeptide; or a T cell that specifically reacts with a WT1 polypeptide. Such comps. may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of metastatic diseases.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:275811 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:308523
 TITLE: Compositions and methods for WT1 specific immunotherapy
 INVENTOR(S): Gaiger, Alexander; McNeill, Patricia D.; Smithgall, Molly; Moulton, Gus; Vedvick, Thomas S.; Sleath, Paul R.; Moseman, Sally; Evans, Lawrence; Spies, A. Gregory; Boydston, Jeremy
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 260 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 12
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002028414 | A1 | 20020411 | WO 2001-US31139 | 20011003 |
| WO 2002028414 | B1 | 20020718 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| US 7115272 | B1 | 20061003 | US 2000-684361 | 20010006 |
| US 2003082196 | A1 | 20030501 | US 2001-785019 | 20010215 |
| US 7144581 | B2 | 20061205 | | |
| US 2003072767 | A1 | 20030417 | US 2001-938864 | 20010824 |
| CA 2425072 | AA | 20020411 | CA 2001-2425072 | 20011003 |
| AU 2001096608 | A5 | 20020415 | AU 2001-96608 | 20011003 |
| EP 1328287 | A1 | 20030723 | EP 2001-977493 | 20011003 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | | |
| JP 2004510425 | T2 | 20040408 | JP 2002-532238 | 20011003 |
| AU 2003257511 | A1 | 20031120 | AU 2003-257511 | 20031023 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2000-684361 | A 20010006 |
| | | | US 2000-685830 | A 20010009 |
| | | | US 2001-785019 | A 20010215 |
| | | | US 2001-938864 | A 20010824 |

L22 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
 RN 488769-09-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Haptoglobin (human 129-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 RN 488769-10-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Haptoglobin (human 70-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L22 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
 US 1998-164223 A2 19980930
 US 1999-276484 A2 19990325
 AU 1999-64078 A3 19990930
 WO 2001-US31139 W 20011003
 IT 410109-27-2P 410109-28-3P 410109-29-4P
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; WT1 polypeptides, polynucleotides and antibodies for diagnosis and treatment of leukemias and cancers)
 RN 410109-27-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 428-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 RN 410109-28-3 HCAPLUS
 CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 414-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 RN 410109-29-4 HCAPLUS
 CN Transcription factor WT1 (Wilms' tumor suppressor 1) (synthetic 417-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 *** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
 FORMAT

L22 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 09 Jul 1999
AB The invention provides novel genes and polypeptides derived therefrom encoding a redox-sensitive protein that promotes cell growth, protects cells from apoptosis, scavenges oxygen radicals and can be used for the reversion of a tumor phenotype. To identify gene(s) responsible for 1,10-phenanthroline (OP)-induced apoptosis in two murine tumor lines a differential display technique was used and cDNA for an OP-inducible gene SAG was cloned into TA cloning vectors. SAG encodes a novel, redox-sensitive heme-binding protein with a zinc ring finger domain. The SAG protein consists of 113 amino acids with a calculated mol. weight of 12.7 kDa. Sequence homol. searches reveal that SAG is highly conserved among species, suggesting its functional importance. This suggestion is demonstrated by the finding that SAG disruption in yeast is lethal. Two SAG deletion mutants have been detected in human cancer cell lines originating from colon and testis, suggesting its possible role in human carcinogenesis. Overexpression of SAG protein in a human colon carcinoma line, DLD1, and a human neuroblastoma line, SKNSV, protects cells from apoptosis induced by OP, zinc and copper ions. Furthermore, antisense SAG transfection inhibits certain tumor cell phenotypes in DLD1 human cell line and microinjection of SAG RNA stimulates cell growth. We propose that SAG protein is a cellular protective mol. functioning as a redox sensor to buffer oxidative-stress induced damage as well as a growth factor to stimulate cell growth. SAG protein will be an ideal mol. target in the development of drugs against neurodegenerative disorders, cancers, muscle dystrophy, and promoting wound healing.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:425792 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:69276
TITLE: Sensitive to apoptosis gene (SAG) and its applications
for diagnosing and treating neurodegenerative disorders and cancers
Sun, Yi
INVENTOR(S): Warner-Lambert Company, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.
SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 9932514 | A2 | 19990701 | WO 1998-US26705 | 19981215 |
| WO 9932514 | A3 | 19990910 | | |
| W: | AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | |
| RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | |
| ZA 9811600 | A | 19990623 | ZA 1998-11600 | 19980917 |

L22 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN
ED Entered STN: 07 Jul 1999
AB Described is a method for the production of human type I collagen-like proteins by expression of a cassette containing 1-30 (preferably, 5-8) tandemly repeats of the collagen-encoding DNA sequence in *Bacillus brevis*, followed by recovering the collagen products secreted into the medium by the *B. brevis*. Preparation of neutral or hydrophilic artificial collagen (gelatin) from the culture of transgenic *B. brevis* was demonstrated.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:417709 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:98461
TITLE: Recombinant preparation of human collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*
Kashino, Tautomu; Takahashi, Haruo; Yamada, Yukio; Hirai, Masanao; Takagi, Hiroaki; Ebisu, Shogo; Watanabe, Fumiko
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyota Central Research and Development Laboratories, Inc., Japan; Higeta Shoyu Co., Ltd.
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKKXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 11178574 | A2 | 19990706 | JP 1997-353216 | 19971222 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1997-353216 | 19971222 |

IT 230624-07-4P 230624-08-5P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(amino acid sequence; recombinant preparation of collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*)
RN 230624-07-4 HCAPLUS
CN Collagen (human type I 231-amino-acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 230624-08-5 HCAPLUS
CN Collagen (human type I 168-amino-acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT 230624-09-6P 230624-10-9P
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
(nucleotide sequence; recombinant preparation of collagen-like proteins with *Bacillus brevis*)
RN 230624-09-6 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic human type I collagen 231-amino-acid derivative-specifying) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 230624-10-9 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (synthetic human type I collagen 168-amino-acid derivative-specifying)

L22 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
CA 2303483 AA 19990701 CA 1998-2303483 19981215
AU 9919180 A1 19990712 AU 1999-19180 19981215
AU 765741 B2 20030925
BR 9813757 A 20001003 BR 1998-13757 19981215
EP 1044217 A2 20001018 EP 1998-963962 19981215
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
JP 2001526063 T2 20011218 JP 2000-525451 19981215
NZ 503417 A 20021220 NZ 1998-503417 19981215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-68179P P 19971219
US 1998-99840P P 19980911
WO 1998-US26705 W 19981215

IT 22853-49-4
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence) (nucleotide sequence; sensitive to apoptosis gene (SAG) and applications for diagnosing and treating neurodegenerative disorders and cancers)
RN 22853-49-4 HCAPLUS
CN DNA (human HeLa cell gene SAG zinc ring finger-containing DNA-binding protein 90-amino acid derivative-specifying plus 3'-flank) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L22 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS ON STN (Continued)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L22 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 04 Mar 1998
AB We described genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence, GlyLeuGlyGlyGlnGlyGlyGlyAlaGlyGlnGlyGlyTyrGly, designated SCAP(1), in spidroin I of spider dragline silk from Nephila clavipes and the secondary conformational analyses in the solid state by Fourier transform IR measurements. The polypeptides composed of 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, or 13 repeats of SCAP(1) were expressed in Escherichia coli, purified by nickel chelate affinity chromatog., and then cleaved with cyanogen bromide to release N- and C-terminal extensions. Typical yields were from 1.2 to 5.2 mg of lyophilized uncleaved polypeptides per L of fermentation medium at an absorbance of 2.0 at 600 nm, and the production levels increased with decreasing the mol. weight of the expressed polypeptides. The lyophilized powder of cleaved SCAP(13) adopted the random coil, whereas the cast film from formic acid formed the β -sheet structure. The conformational results might indicate that the glycine-rich sequence formed β -sheet structure in spidroin I. Cleaved SCAP(13) started to decompose under nitrogen at ca. 230°C, which was in agreement with the decomposition temperature of the spider dragline silk from N. clavipes.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:129222 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:266743
TITLE: Genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk
AUTHOR(S): Fukushima, Yasumasa
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Center, Unitika Ltd., Kyoto, 611, Japan
SOURCE: Biopolymers (1998), 45(4); 269-279
CODEN: BIPMAA; ISSN: 0006-3525
PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 200445-99-4P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (genetically engineered syntheses of tandem repetitive polypeptides consisting of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk)
RN 200445-99-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 105-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L22 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 24 Nov 1997
AB Polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk were synthesized in E. Coli. The polypeptide in the solid state formed a β -sheet structure which exists in crystalline region of spider silk.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:739097 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:72114
TITLE: Secondary structural studies of biosynthetic polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence of spider dragline silk
AUTHOR(S): Fukushima, Yasumasa; Nakajima, Hiroshi
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Center, Unitika Ltd., Kyoto, 611, Japan
SOURCE: Chemistry Letters (1997), (11), 1087-1088
CODEN: CHMTAG; ISSN: 0366-7022
PUBLISHER: Chemical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 200445-99-4P 200446-00-0P 200446-01-1P
200446-02-2P 200446-03-3P 200446-04-4P
200446-05-5P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (amino acid sequence; secondary structure of biosynthetic polypeptides with a repeating sequence of glycine-rich sequence similar to spider dragline silk protein spidroin)
RN 200445-99-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 105-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-00-0 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 120-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-01-1 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 135-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-02-2 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 150-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-03-3 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 210-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 225-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L22 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN (Continued)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 200446-05-5 HCAPLUS
CN Protein (synthetic spider dragline silk 240-amino acid derivative) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| 27.09 | 207.31 |

FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

| SINCE FILE | TOTAL |
|------------|---------|
| ENTRY | SESSION |
| -6.00 | -13.50 |

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:22:29 ON 15 DEC 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 DEC 2006 HIGHEST RN 915690-78-7

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> s electrode

L23 11 ELECTRODE

=> d scan

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

L23 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
IN Indium tin oxide (9CI)
MF In . O . Sn
CI TIS

| Component | Ratio |
|-----------|-------|
| O | x |
| In | x |
| Sn | x |

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

=> d ed abs ibib hitstr 1-11
'HITSTR' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'REGISTRY'

The following are valid formats:

Substance information can be displayed by requesting individual fields or predefined formats. The predefined substance formats are: (RN = CAS Registry Number)

REG - RN
SAM - Index Name, MF, and structure - no RN
FIDE - All substance data, except sequence data
IDE - FIDE, but only 50 names
SQIDE - IDE, plus sequence data
SQIDE3 - Same as SQIDE, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used
SQD - Protein sequence data, includes RN
SQD3 - Same as SQD, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used
SQN - Protein sequence name information, includes RN

CALC - Table of calculated properties
EPROP - Table of experimental properties
PROP - EPROP and CALC

Any CA File format may be combined with any substance format to obtain CA references citing the substance. The substance formats must be cited first. The CA File predefined formats are:

ABS -- Abstract
APPS -- Application and Priority Information
BIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data
CAN -- CA Accession Number
CBIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data (compressed)
IND -- Index Data
IPC -- International Patent Classification
PATS -- PI, SO
STD -- BIB, IPC, and NCL

IABS -- ABS, indented, with text labels
IBIB -- BIB, indented, with text labels
ISTD -- STD format, indented

OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)
OIBIB ----- OBIB, indented with text labels

SBIB ----- BIB, no citations
SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations

The ALL format gives FIDE BIB ABS IND RE, plus sequence data when it is available.

The MAX format is the same as ALL.

The IALL format is the same as ALL with BIB ABS and IND indented, with text labels.

For additional information, please consult the following help messages:

HELP DFIELDS -- To see a complete list of individual display fields.

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

HELP FORMATS -- To see detailed descriptions of the predefined formats.
ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (IDE):end

=> d ed abs ibib

18/12/2006,10551734d.trn

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 1994
AB The high alloy overlays of ECoCrA and ENiCrMo-4 were diluted by iron from
the mild steel substrate to different extents, depending on the welding
process and parameters. The dilution of major alloy constituents can be
>10% in manual metal-arc welding. The dilution in plasma transferred-arc
welding using powder alloys can be controlled within 5-10%. The effect of
dilution in the overlays using both processes on the microstructure, hardness,
wear, and corrosion properties were studied.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 120:59512 CA
TITLE: Study of dilution of high alloy overlays
AUTHOR(S): Chattopadhyay, R.; Kammer, P. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Ewac Alloys Ltd., Bombay, India
SOURCE: Int. Trends Weld. Sci. Technol., Proc. Int. Conf.
Trends Weld. Res., 3rd (1993), Meeting Date 1992,
455-60. Editor(s): David, Stan A.; Vitek, J. M.
ASM: Materials Park, Ohio.
CODEN: 59GAAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
LANGUAGE: English